

# Appalachian Snow Dogwood



In optimal conditions, dogwood trees can live 100 to 200 years, so careful placement is important. Dogwoods are great specimen, shade, and patio trees, but they are especially eye-catching in group plantings.

## ***Cornus florida* 'Jean's Appalachian Snow' PP13099**

- **Use:** Selected for improved disease resistance, especially in humid, dogwood-loving regions. One of the most widely planted ornamental trees in Georgia is the flowering dogwood. Perfect understory tree for dappled light, woodland edges, and mixed borders. Native tree.
- **Exposure/Soil:** Part sun-shade. Best when planted under other trees, but not too deep a shade or poor flowering. Moist, well-drained soil, but not soggy. Use slow release fertilizer two times a year. Water regularly, when top 3 in. of soil is dry. Mulching will help keep roots cool in summer.
- **Growth:** Slow to moderate growth to a height of 20'-25' and a spread of 20-25'
- **Hardiness:** Zone 5-9; Tree
- **Foliage:** Deciduous, Medium green foliage turns red in fall. This variety is more resistant to powdery mildew than the native dogwood.
- **Flower:** Large, 5-inch, creamy white, stiff bracts with purplish clefts. Spring. Clusters of glossy, red fruits (drupes) follow in mid to late summer. The flowers are a food source for bees and butterflies, and the fruits sustain many species of songbirds and wildlife throughout fall and winter.