

Always Afternoon Daylily



Daylilies can survive many harsh conditions that other plants cannot including: polluted city environments, slopes, poor and dry soils, near pavement that is salted in winter, and under Black Walnut trees (not affected by juglone).

Hemerocallis 'Always Afternoon'

- **Use:** This delightful dwarf daylily rewards you by blooming twice a year! Their compact size makes them ideal in borders and rock gardens. The fact that these profuse bloomers multiply annually makes them even more appealing. Perfect for edging a border, pathway or growing in a container. These daylilies have been dubbed "Dwarf Reblooming Daylilies" because of their abundant small flowers, low height, and reblooming nature.
- **Exposure/Soil:** Full– part sun (but must be 5-6 hours of afternoon sun) . Moist, well-drained soil, but not soggy. Use slow release fertilizer two times a year. Do not give too much nitrogen or they will not produce flowers. Once established needs only occasional water.
- **Growth:** These outstanding varieties produce mounds of 20" tall foliage and bloom on stems up to 20*24" high.
- **Hardiness:** Zones 3-9; Perennial
- **Foliage:** Semi-evergreen foliage stays nice all season
- **Flower:** 5½", dusky rose self with a striking plum purple eyezone and a green throat. Petals are crimped with thin buff pink edges, sepals are smooth. Early Midseason Bloomer, blooming in early July. Rebloomer, producing a second set of flowers. Extended Bloom with flowers staying open at least 16 hours. Tetraploid with 44 chromosomes, twice as many as Diploids. Tetraploids tend to be bigger, stronger plants.

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