## Tulp Upstar



- Planting density: 4-6 inch apart, 5 per sq. ft.
- Planting depth: 6-8 inches to base of the bulb.
- Best planted in a mass of 30 or more for dramatic ef fect.

## Tulipa 'Upstar'

- <u>Use:</u> No spring garden should be without this beauty. Beds, rock gardens, in patio planters, and woodland gardens. For a show-stopping attraction in your garden, plant tulips in a group of 30 to 60.
  <u>Exposure/Soil</u>: Full-part sun (does best with some afternoon shade). Moist, well-drained soil, but not soggy. Place a layer of mulch over the bulbs in summer to keep cool and remove again in the fall. As with other bulbous plants, the leaves should not be cut back until they begin to yellow. This permits bulbs to recharge before going summer-dormant, so that they will thrive in the garden for many years. Spent flowers should be removed so that the energy goes into revitalizing bulbs & offshoots instead of seeds.
- <u>Growth</u>: They generally flower taller and much later than their early counterparts. 18-24 in.
- Hardiness: Zone 3-8 Perennial Bulb
- *Foliage:* Deciduous. Long strap like leaves.
- <u>Flower</u>: It has predominantly light rose blooms with white flamed bases. Double late tulips produce very full, double flowers that resemble peonies and give the class its nickname, "peony-flowered tulips."

Visit the Fall Bulb Guide on our website for more planting information.