

White Siberian Squill



- **Planting density: 2-3 inch apart, 10 per sq. ft.**
- **Planting depth: 4 inches to base of the bulb.**
- **Best planted in a mass of 60 or more for dramatic effect.**

Scilla siberica 'Alba'

- **Use:** Pure white, beautiful, loosely formed bells clustered on 3" - 5" stems; Heirloom 1880; This is a plant that spreads gently over the years, and with time, will create a gorgeous sea of blue in a lawn, under shrubs and beneath deciduous trees. If you've seen Siberian Squill grown where it is happy - and it's not fussy - you have to agree that it's one of those plants that no garden, or lawn, should be without.
- **Exposure/Soil:** Full-part sun (does best with some afternoon shade). Moist, well-drained soil, but not soggy. Place a layer of mulch over the bulbs in summer to keep them cool and remove again in the fall.
- **Growth:** Grows 4-8" tall.
- **Hardiness:** Zone 4-8. Perennial. Bulb.
- **Foliage:** Deciduous. Thin green leaves.
- **Flower:** Short enough to nestle in the newly sprouted grass but with rich enough color that it will never be over looked, they create a little army of petite white umbrella shaped blooms. Mid spring bloomer.

Visit the Fall Bulb Guide on our website for more planting information.